§270.16a-1

section, and any other differences in terms and conditions that the board of directors, including a majority of the directors who are not interested persons of the fund, finds to be immaterial:

- (vi) The interim contract contains the following provisions:
- (A) The compensation earned under the contract will be held in an interestbearing escrow account with the fund's custodian or a bank;
- (B) If a majority of the fund's outstanding voting securities approve a contract with the investment adviser by the end of the 150-day period, the amount in the escrow account (including interest earned) will be paid to the investment adviser; and
- (C) If a majority of the fund's outstanding voting securities do not approve a contract with the investment adviser, the investment adviser will be paid, out of the escrow account, the lesser of:
- (1) Any costs incurred in performing the interim contract (plus interest earned on that amount while in escrow); or
- (2) The total amount in the escrow account (plus interest earned); and
- (vii) The board of directors of the investment company satisfies the fund governance standards defined in §270.0–1(a)(7).

[64 FR 68023, Dec. 6, 1999, as amended 66 FR 3758, Jan. 16, 2001; 69 FR 46389, Aug. 2, 2004]

§ 270.16a-1 Exemption for initial period of directors of certain registered accounts from requirements of election by security holders.

- (a) Persons serving as the directors of a registered separate account shall, prior to the first meeting of such account's variable annuity contract owners, be exempt from the requirement of section 16(a) of the Act that such persons be elected by the holders of outstanding voting securities of such account at an annual or special meeting called for that purpose, subject to the following conditions:
- (1) Such registered separate account qualifies for exemption from section 14(a) of the Act pursuant to §270.14a-1 or is exempt therefrom by order of the Commission upon application; and

(2) Such persons have been appointed directors of such account by the establishing insurance company; and

(3) An election of directors for such account shall be held at the first meeting of variable annuity contract owners after the effective date of the registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (15 U.S.C. 77a et seq.), relating to contracts participating in such account: Provided, That such meeting shall take place within 1 year after such effective date, unless the time for the holding of such meeting shall be extended by the Commission upon written request showing good cause therefor.

 $(Sec.\ 6,\ 54\ Stat.\ 800;\ 15\ U.S.C.\ 80a-6)$

[34 FR 12695, Aug. 5, 1969]

§ 270.17a-1 Exemption of certain underwriting transactions exempted by § 270.10f-1.

Any transaction exempted pursuant to §270.10f-1 shall be exempt from the provisions of section 17(a)(1) of the Act (54 Stat. 815; 15 U.S.C. 80a-17).

[Rule N–17A–1, 6 FR 1191, Feb. 28, 1941]

§ 270.17a-2 Exemption of certain purchase, sale, or borrowing transactions.

Purchase, sale or borrowing transactions occurring in the usual course of business between affiliated persons of registered investment companies shall be exempt from section 17(a) of the Act provided (a) the transactions involve notes, drafts, time payment contracts, bills of exchange, acceptance or other property of a commercial character rather than of an investment character; (b) the buyer or lender is a bank; and (c) the seller or borrower is a bank or is engaged principally in the business of installment financing.

[Rule N-17A-2, 12 FR 5008, July 29, 1947]

§ 270.17a-3 Exemption of transactions with fully owned subsidiaries.

- (a) The following transactions shall be exempt from section 17(a) of the Act:
- (1) Transactions solely between a registered investment company and one or more of its fully owned subsidiaries or solely between two or more fully owned subsidiaries of such company.

Securities and Exchange Commission

- (2) Transactions solely between any subsidiary of a registered investment company and one or more fully owned subsidiaries of such subsidiary or solely between two or more fully owned subsidiaries of such subsidiary.
- (b) The term fully owned subsidiary as used in this section, means a subsidiary (1) all of whose outstanding securities, other than directors' qualifying shares, are owned by its parent and/or the parent's other fully owned subsidiaries, and (2) which is not indebted to any person other than its parent and/or the parent's other fully owned subsidiaries in an amount which is material in relation to the particular subsidiary, excepting (i) indebtedness incurred in the ordinary course of business which is not overdue and which matures within one year from the date of its creation, whether evidenced by securities or not, and (ii) any other indebtedness to one or more banks or insurance companies.

[Rule N-17A-3, 12 FR 3442, May 28, 1947]

§ 270.17a-4 Exemption of transactions pursuant to certain contracts.

Transactions pursuant to a contract shall be exempt from section 17(a) of the Act if at the time of the making of the contract and for a period of at least six months prior thereto no affiliation or other relationship existed which would operate to make such contract or the subsequent performance thereof subject to the provisions of said section 17(a).

[Rule N-17A-4, 12 FR 5008, July 29, 1947]

§ 270.17a-5 Pro rata distribution neither "sale" nor "purchase."

When a company makes a pro rata distribution in cash or in kind among its common stockholders without giving any election to any stockholder as to the specific assets which such stockholders shall receive, such distribution shall not be deemed to involve a sale to or a purchase from such distributing company as those terms are used in section 17(a) of the Act.

[20 FR 7447, Oct. 6, 1955]

§ 270.17a-6 Exemption for transactions with portfolio affiliates.

- (a) Exemption for transactions with portfolio affiliates. A transaction to which a fund, or a company controlled by a fund, and a portfolio affiliate of the fund are parties is exempt from the provisions of section 17(a) of the Act (15 U.S.C. 80a–17(a)), provided that none of the following persons is a party to the transaction, or has a direct or indirect financial interest in a party to the transaction other than the fund:
- (1) An officer, director, employee, investment adviser, member of an advisory board, depositor, promoter of or principal underwriter for the fund;
- (2) A person directly or indirectly controlling the fund;
- (3) A person directly or indirectly owning, controlling or holding with power to vote five percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of the fund:
- (4) A person directly or indirectly under common control with the fund, other than:
- (i) A portfolio affiliate of the fund: or
- (ii) A fund whose sole interest in the transaction or a party to the transaction is an interest in the portfolio affiliate: or
- (5) An affiliated person of any of the persons mentioned in paragraphs (a)(1)–(4) of this section, other than the fund or a portfolio affiliate of the fund.
- (b) Definitions—(1) Financial interest. (i) The term financial interest as used in this section does not include:
- (A) Any interest through ownership of securities issued by the fund;
- (B) Any interest of a wholly-owned subsidiary of a fund;
- (C) Usual and ordinary fees for services as a director:
- (D) An interest of a non-executive employee;
- (E) An interest of an insurance company arising from a loan or policy made or issued by it in the ordinary course of business to a natural person;
- (F) An interest of a bank arising from a loan or account made or maintained by it in the ordinary course of business to or with a natural person, unless it arises from a loan to a person who is an officer, director or executive of a company which is a party to the transaction, or from a loan to a person